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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/688,225	10/16/2003	Dirk Henf	71100	9469
23872 7.	590 08/17/2004 .		EXAM	INER
MCGLEW &	TUTTLE, PC		FITZGERAL	.D, JOHN P
1 SCARBOROUGH STATION PLAZA SCARBOROUGH, NY 10510-0827			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	31. , 1.1. 100.10 100.7		2856	
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/17/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/688,225	HENF ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		John P Fitzgerald	2856		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13. ISIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply one period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed /s will be considered timely. It the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Ju	ılv 2004.			
	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowar		osecution as to the merits is		
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-7,9,10 and 12-22</u> is/are pending in t	he application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	• •			
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-7,9,10 and 12-22</u> is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.			
Applicati	ion Papers				
9)[7	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.			
·	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.		
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		· ·		
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		•		
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119/a)-(d) or (f)		
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 00 0.0.0. 3 1 10(a	, (4) 5. (1).		
/-	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		ion No		
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •			
	application from the International Bureau	-	or an anno manoman enage		
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	ed.		
Attachmen					
1) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary			
2) U Notic 3) U Inform	be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)		
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 of PTO/SB/08)	6) Other:	atom Application (1 10-102)		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/688,225 Page 2

Art Unit: 2856

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. In view of Applicant's amendment filed 27 July 2004, rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first and second paragraph are withdrawn. Acknowledgement is made of the cancellation of claims 8 and 11, the addition of claims 13-22 and the amendments made to the instant specification.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7, 9, 10 and 12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. New ground(s) of rejection are made by the Examiner due to the Applicant's amendment of the instant specification effetively overcoming previously rejected claims under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first and second paragraphs, now that the Examiner has a full understanding of the instant invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

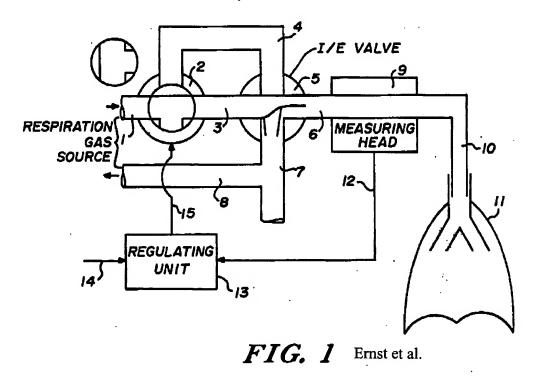
3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 6, 7 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by US 3,972,327 to Ernst et al. Ernst et al. disclose a process for testing a respirator product (Figs. 1-9) including a respiration gas source (a pressure generator or a central supply system (Ernst. et al.:

Art Unit: 2856

col. 2, lines 25-26) note: a fan is a pressure generator and thus an equivalent structural element); a suction conduit (4, 7, 8) and a pressure conduit (1, 3) connected to the gas source; connecting the fan to the respirator product (11) via a reversing valve (2, 5) to provide flow connection of one of the suction conduit and the pressure conduit with the respirator product via a line section (6, 10) in a predetermined time sequence while the other of the suction conduit and the pressure conduit is open toward the environment (7); variably throttling the cross-sectional area between the gas source and the respirator product to a preset sinusoidal (Fig. 9) breathing pattern (as recited in claim 7) and wherein the throttling sets the cross sectional area to a plurality of set points between fully opened and fully closed via a control device (27) (as recited in claim 22) (Ernst et al.: col. 3, line 65 to col. 4, line 28).



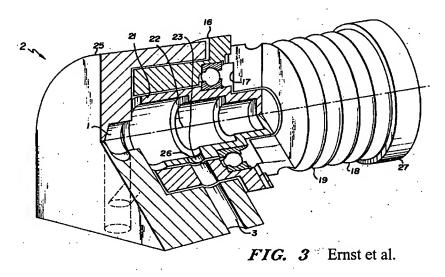
5. Claims 9, 10 and 12-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by US 3,972,327 to Ernst et al. Ernst et al. disclose a testing system for a breathing mask (Figs. 1-9)

Page 4

Art Unit: 2856

having a respiration gas source (a pressure generator or a central supply system (Ernst. et al.: col. 2, lines 25-26) note: a fan is a pressure generator and thus an equivalent structural element) having a suction conduit (4, 7, 8) and a pressure conduit (1, 3); a line section (6, 10) having a test end connected to the breathing mask (11) and also having a valve end; a valve selectively connecting a flow of one of the pressure and suction conduits to the valve end of the line section; a throttling element arranged in the valve (as recited in claim 17) and arranged between the gas source and the test end of the line section the throttling element having a variable cross-sectional area to vary a flow of gas between the gas source and the test end of the line section; wherein the valve comprises a reversing valve (2, 5) with a valve housing with to valve inlets connected selectively to the suction and pressure conduits, and a valve outlet leading to the breathing mask the reversing valve including a flow channel that connects one of the valve inlets to the valve outlet as well as one of the valve inlets to a ventilation channel, the valve flow channel being rotatingly movable between the inlets (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 3) (Ernst et al.: col. 3, lines 4-40) (as recited in claim 9); wherein the throttling element varies the cross-sectional area corresponding to a manipulated variable (control signals from a control device/unit (27)); the variable crosssectional area occurs based on a degree of overlap between the cross-sectional area of one the valve inlets with the cross-sectional area of the flow channel wherein the valve element receives the manipulated variable being a signal curve alternately rising/declining proportionally (as recited in claim 12) (Fig. 9) controlling an angle of rotation position in relation to the valve housing (Ernst et al.: col. 3, line 65 to col. 4, line 28), thus controlling/forming (as recited in claim 18) the throttling element to increase/decrease the flow of gas to the test end over a period (as recited in claim 19) substantially similar to a breathing pattern of a user of the breathing mask Art Unit: 2856

(as recited in claim 14); the control unit having "curve generators" (103, 104) to control the throttling element to a plurality of different pressure curves (including a sinusoidal pressure curve (Fig. 9) (as recited in claims 15, 20 and 21); a testing head (9) connected to the test end of the line section being connectable to the breath mask for detecting leakage (as recited in claim 16).



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 7. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 3,357,428 to Carlson and US 4,344,144 to Damico et al. Carlson discloses a device for testing a respirator product (Figs. 1 and 2) having a compressor (note: a compressor, a tank of compressed gas, a pump are all obvious variants of a fan for providing a positive pressure source/gradient capable of inducing flow within associated conduits, and is considered a design choice well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art); a suction conduit (11) and a pressure

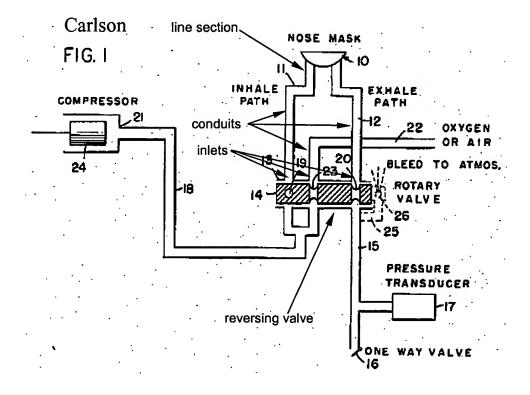
Page 6

Art Unit: 2856

conduit (12) both connected to the compressor; a line section (see Fig. 1) connected to the respirator product; a reversing valve (13) connecting the compressor to the pressure and suction conduits to control flow to the respirator product via the line section in a predetermined time sequence (via a trigger (28) which energizes clutch motors (32, 37) (as recited in claim 4)) thus variably connecting the pressure conduit and the suction conduit to the open environment (16, 25, 26) in an open position; a throttling element (20, 23) (i.e. 'throttling' of the fluid flow due to change in the cross-sectional area as a rotating valve element (spool) (14) of the rotating valve is turned or varied according to a preset manipulated variable (73) (see Fig. 2) connected to the line section between the fan and the respirator product (as recited in claim 1); wherein the reversing valve comprises a valve housing with a valve element (14) swinging in a rotatingly movable manner therein between two end positions, having two valve inlets connected to the suction and pressure conduits and a valve inlets and outlets creating ventilation and flow channels (as recited in claim 2); wherein the preset manipulated variable has a signal curve alternately rising or declining proportionally (Carlson: col. 5, lines 31-43). Carlson does not expressly disclose a device for testing a respirator product further including a control unit setting the cross sectional area to a plurality of set points between fully opened and fully closed according to the manipulated variable (as recited in claim 1); and wherein the variable cross-sectional area of the throttling element if formed by the degree of overlap between the cross-sectional area of one of the valve inlets with the cross-sectional area of the flow channel wherein the valve element receives as the manipulated variable an angle of rotation position in relation to the valve housing (as recited in claim 3). Damico et al. teach an apparatus for creating gas flow cycles for a respirator product (83) (Figs. 1 and 2) having a pressure source (pump pressurized gas source) a

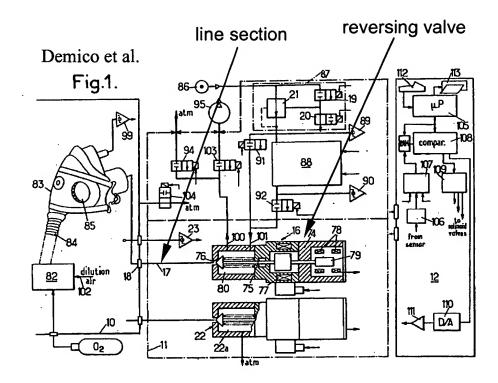
Art Unit: 2856

reversing valve (75) for providing throttling passage/element formed of a needle, as well as other types of elements such as a spool; an electrically actuatable means (77), either an electromagnet or a step-by-step motor, for controlling the position of the throttling member (Damico et al.: col. 2, lines 36-45) thus altering/varying the cross-sectional flow area as a function of the cycle to be simulated by a control unit (12) through an A/D converter (106), in accordance with a time variation curve (sine-shaped cycles, step-by-step pressure or flow variations or Watt's diagram) previously stored in the control unit (12) (Damico et al.: col. 4, lines 9-50). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the control unit and all of its elements and functions, as taught by Damico et al., thus modifying the device for testing a respirator product disclosed by Carlson, thus providing a capability of reproducing a wide variety of operating/respiratory cycles to be simulated for testing respirator products (Damico et al.: col. 1, lines 6-54).



Application/Control Number: 10/688,225

Art Unit: 2856



Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

Application/Control Number: 10/688,225 Page 9

Art Unit: 2856

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John Fitzgerald whose telephone number is (571) 272-2843. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 AM to 3:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron Williams, can be reached on (571) 272-2208. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

08/11/2004

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